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74365 Slater & Matsi	7590 01/21/201 I. I., I., P.	0	EXAM	UNER
17950 Preston Road, Suite 1000			WYLLIE, CHRISTOPHER T	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/562,713 ZHANG, GUANGMING Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit

	CHRISTOPHER T. WYLLIE	2465					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CPR 11 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or outsinded period for reply will be set of the set of	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,				
Status							
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 S This action is FINAL. 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowal closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		e merits is				
Disposition of Claims							
Claim(s) 1,2 and 4-11 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1,2 and 4-11 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filled on 23 <u>December 2006</u> is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sei ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 Cl	FR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a Acknowledgment is made of a Claim for foreign a Acknowledgment 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage				
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.____.
5) Notice of Informal Patent Application Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other: __

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DETAILED OFFICE ACTION

This action is responsive to the communication received September 29th, 2009.
 Claims 1, 5, 8, and 10 have been amended. Claim 3 has been canceled via previous amendment. Claims 1-2 and 4-11 have been entered and are presented for examination.

- Application 10/562,713 is a 371 of PCT/CN03/01159 (12/31/2003) and claims benefit to Chinese Application 03145506.9 (06/26/2003).
- Applicant's arguments, filed September 29th, 2009, have been fully considered, but deemed moot in view of the new grounds of rejection which has been necessitated by Applicant's amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1-2 and 4-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1, 5, and 10 recite the limitation "the multicast address is a result of an AND operation with a multicast address and an address mask." It is unclear to the examiner whether the multicast address is a result of an AND operation with the multicast source address and an address mask or if the multicast address is a result of an AND operation with some other multicast address and an address mask.

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Claims 2, 4, 6-9, and 11 are also rejected for the reason stated above since they ultimately depend on any of rejected claims 1, 5, or 10.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- Claims 1-2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hardjono (WO 00/33509) in view of Cain (US 6,401,130).

Regarding claim 1, Hardjono discloses creating multicast source information (page 6, lines 5-11 [the initiator of the multicast stores a data structure containing the authorized members of the multicast and their identities]); a management platform of the multicast source authentication information dynamically updating said multicast source information in accordance with restriction on multicast source (page 6, lines 9-10 [the data structure is updated when a new member is added to the multicast group or an old member logs off of the multicast]); controlling the

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multicast message sent from the multicast source in accordance with said multicast source authentication information (page 6, lines 12-14 [once the multicast is initiated a message is sent to each authorized member of the multicast group]); and that the multicast source authentication information is recorded in tabular form (page 6, lines 6-8 [the authorized members of the multicast are stored in a member list on each network device 104]). Hardjono is silent regarding the table containing a corresponding relationship between the multicast source address and the multicast address is a result of an AND operation with a multicast source address and the address mask. However, Cain discloses such features (column 3, line 64 - column 4, line 3 [a logical AND operation is performed on the IP address and the address mask to determine the IP subnet; it is well know in the art that a subnet is a group of computers formed by a division of a computer network; the members of a subnet are designated a routing IP address]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the method of Cain into the system of Hardjono. The method of Furukawa et al. can be implemented by enabling each network device to store multiple IP addresses and address masks. The motivation for this is to perform an AND operation on the IP address and the address mask which can be used to determine a group of computers in which to forward data.

Regarding claim 2, Hardjono further discloses creating multicast source information in a master multicast source authentication server and slave multicast servers (page 5, lines 9-11 and page 6, lines 5-8 [each network device 104 (Figure

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1) can be a server; each IP address of each authorized member is stored on a member list of each network device 104 of each subnet; this includes the initiator of the multicast and the receivers of the multicast]); wherein the management platform of the multicast source information comprises a master multicast source server (page 5, lines 9-11 and page 6, lines 5-8 [the network device 104 connected to the initiator is the master server and it contains a list of all authorized members of the multicast]).

Regarding claim 4, Hardjono further discloses that the slave multicast source authentication server, in accordance with the multicast source authentication information in the master multicast source authentication server, updating the multicast source information stored in a predetermined period; when the multicast authentication in the master multicast source authentication server is changed, notifying the slave multicast authentication server to update the multicast source information stored (page 6, lines 12-14, page 7, lines 19-25 [once the multicast is initiated a message is sent to all authorized members of the multicast group; if all the replies are not collected in a given amount of time by the network device 104 of the initiator, a new encryption key is generated and is sent to each member that did reply; therefore the authentication information of the receiving members is updated whenever there is a discrepancy in the amount of replies received by the network node associated with the initiator and the encryption key of the receiving members is updated to the new encryption key]).

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 Claims 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hardjono (WO 00/33509) in view of Cain (US 6,401,130)) in view of Takahashi (US 6,046,989).

Regarding claim 10. Hardiono discloses a multicast source control system. comprising; a master multicast source authentication server a group of slave multicast source authentication servers (page 5, lines 9-11 and page 6, lines 12-15 [once the multicast is initiated by the initiator the network device 104 forwards a message to other network devices 104; therefore the server that receives the multicast message form the initiator can be the call the "master" and the receiving servers can be called the "slaves"]) and a predefined node (page 5, lines 9-11 and page 6, lines 12-15 [once the multicast is initiated by the initiator the network device 104 forwards a message to other network devices 104; therefore the first network device 104 acts as a predefined node to other network devices 104]); wherein, when multicast source authentication information stored therein the master multicast source authentication server is changed, the master multicast source authentication server notifies the slave multicast source authentication servers (page 6, lines 12-14, page 7. lines 19-25 [one the multicast is initiated a massage is sent to all authorized members of the multicast group; if all the replies are not collected in a given amount of time by the network device104 of the initiator, a new encryption key is generated and is sent to each member that did reply]); the slave multicast source authentication servers updates multicast source authentication information stored therein at a predefined period in accordance with the multicast source

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authentication information in the master multicast source authentication server (page 6, lines 12-14, page 7, lines 19-25 [a new encryption key is generated and is sent to each member that did reply; therefore the information is updated]); when the slave multicast source authentication servers receive an authentication message transmitted from a the predefined node, they transmit a corresponding authentication response to said predefined node in accordance with the authentication information stored therein (page 6, lines 12-15 and page 7, lines 10-14 and page 8, lines 3-4 [the multicast server receives a message for the initiator and forwards a query message to all member on the list and waits for a response from each member; all members reply to the query message]); when the predefined node receives a multicast message sent from the multicast source, it initiates an authentication request to the preconfigured multicast source authentication server thereof, and controls the multicast message sent from the multicast source in accordance with the response from the multicast source authentication server (page 6, lines 12-15 and page 7, lines 10-14 and page 8, lines 3-4 [the multicast server receives a message for the initiator and forwards a query message to all member on the list and waits for a response from each member; if all members reply then the multicast is provides for those members]); and that the multicast source authentication information is recorded in tabular form (page 6. lines 6-8 [the authorized members of the multicast are stored in a member list on each network device 104]). Hardjono is silent regarding the table containing a corresponding relationship between the multicast source address and the multicast address and the multicast address is a result of an AND operation on the

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multicast source address and the address mask. However, Cain discloses such features (column 3, line 64 - column 4, line 3 [a logical AND operation is performed on the IP address and the address mask to determine the IP subnet; it is well know in the art that a subnet is a group of computers formed by a division of a computer network; the members of a subnet are designated a routing IP address]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the method of Cain into the system of Hardjono. The method of Furukawa et al. can be implemented by enabling each network device to store multiple IP addresses and address masks. The motivation for this is to perform an AND operation on the IP address and the address mask which can be used to determine a group of computers in which to forward data.

The references as applied above are silent regarding the master multicast source authentication server receives an authentication request transmitted from the predefined node, it transmits a corresponding authentication response to said predefined node in accordance with the authentication information stored therein. However, Takahashi discloses such features (see Figure 8, steps S10, S14, S16 and S38 and column 5 66-67 and column 6, lines 1-4 [the multicast server receives a request for multicast connection registration; the Table 28 is searched to determine if the multicast connection registration exist; if it does it transmits a response]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the method of Takahashi into the system of the references as applied above. The method of Takahashi can be implemented by

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enabling the first network device 104 to receive a request from another network device in order to determine a user's association with the multicast. The motivation for this is to provide a secure multicast to authorized members.

Regarding claim 11, Hardjono further discloses that the predefined node is a router or a switch (page 5, lines 9-11 [each network device can be a router]).

Allowable Subject Matter

 Claims 5-9 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action.

Note: Claims 5-9 have be previously indicated as allowed with reasons for allowance in Final Office Action dated March 17^{th,} 2009. Claims 5-9 will be allowable once the 35 USC 112, 2nd paragraph issue has been resolve.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments, filed September 29th, 2009, have been fully considered, but deemed moot in view of the new grounds of rejection which has been necessitated by Applicant's amendment.

Conclusion

 Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to CHRISTOPHER T. WYLLIE whose telephone number is (571) 270-3937. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30am to 6:00pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jay Patel can be reached on (571) 272-2988. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Christopher T. Wyllie/ Examiner, Art Unit 2465

/Jayanti K. Patel/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2465